

Annual Security Report
Campus Crime for International College of Broadcasting
October 1, 2018

Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics

International College of Broadcasting, in compliance with the Federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act of 1998 (formerly the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990), provides the following campus crime statistics and information for calendar years 2015, 2016, and 2017. Additionally, the full text of this report can be found online at www.icb.edu International College of Broadcasting has two buildings – one is the main building at 6 South Smithville Road and the other is an audio-engineering recording studio one-fourth of a mile away at 4765 Airway Road. The main building is under the jurisdiction of the Dayton Police Department and the studio is under the jurisdiction of the Riverside Police Department. **The Dayton Police Department and the Riverside Police Department provided crime statistics for this report.**

Each year, prior to October 1st, students receive written notification of the availability of the Annual Security Report on the school website. Faculty and staff receive written notification via e-mail. Hard copies of this report can be requested from the Director of Education. New students and potential students are provided the information to access the Annual Security Report during the enrollment/admissions process.

“Timely Warnings”

In the event that a situation arises, either on campus or off-campus, that in the judgment of the Director of Education or Campus President constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a “timely warning” statement will be issued. The school is small enough that communication from the front of the school to the back of the school can occur rather rapidly and there are several phones within close proximity throughout the building in the offices. In the evening, the instructor in charge of the building holds the responsibility of making the decision if the Campus President or Director of Education is unavailable to make the determination. If there appears to be an immediate threat, the building will be evacuated. If there is a threat as a result of a criminal action that could potentially jeopardize the safety and well-being of the students, faculty, and staff, they are informed of the occurrence through one of the designated Campus Security Authorities (Campus President/School Director, Director of Education, Director of Placement/Student Services).

Reporting Criminal Offenses

If you are witness to or become aware of any criminal offenses occurring on campus, please contact a Campus Security Authority immediately. If you are a student and one of these individuals is not available, please alert another instructor or staff member. If you are faculty or staff, and cannot reach one of the Campus Security Authorities or School Administrators and you determine that this is an emergency the Dayton Police Department should be contacted and a report made to the appropriate authorities. If the activity occurs on the premises of the Airway property the Riverside Police Department should be contacted. Any suspicious person or activity in or around the campus should be reported immediately to one of the following Campus Security Authorities listed below. If there is an emergency of any sort 911 should be called immediately.

Individuals are encouraged to report all crimes to Campus Security Authorities and the Dayton Police Department or Riverside Police Department in an accurate and timely manner.

***Voluntary Confidential Reporting**

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. With your permission, a designee of International College of Broadcasting can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the school can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, faculty, and staff, determine where there is a pattern of crime with regards to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the institution.

Campus Security Authorities

J. Michael LeMaster – School President/Director– 937-258-8251
Ronda Doster – Director of Education/School Director – 937-258-8251
Kenneth Pyles – Director of Placement/Student Services – 937-258-8251
Dayton Police Department – Non-Emergency: 937-333-2677 (333-COPS)
Riverside Police Department – Non-Emergency: 937-233-1801

Security and Access to the Buildings

International College of Broadcasting's main campus is open from 7:30 am to 11:00 pm Monday through Thursday, 7:30 am to 5:00 pm Friday, and 9:00 to 1:00 on Saturday. After the front office closes at 6:00 pm on the weekdays the front lobby door is secured so that all students must enter and exit through the designated student door. This area is in view of several instructors at all times. Surveillance cameras monitor the main hallway, the library/media center, the student lounge, and the front lobby. The school is small enough that individuals who are not students or graduates are readily identifiable as needing to be questioned as to the nature of their business at the college. The additional audio-engineering/recording studio on Airway is accessible by key only and is open only during class times and during scheduled sessions with supervision by faculty/staff at all times. The parking lots are well lit and students, faculty, and staff are encouraged to have someone walk with them to their vehicles after dark. Building maintenance checks regularly to make sure that all outdoor lighting is working and that emergency lighting inside the premises is working at all times. Maintenance also does regular walk-through in both buildings to make sure that there is no suspicious activity.

*There are no campus housing facilities affiliated with the school.

Campus Law Enforcement

International College of Broadcasting has identified Campus Security Authorities, but these individuals are not trained in security and are not able to make arrests. Their role is to identify potential threats to the students, faculty, and staff, and to take the appropriate safety procedures to minimize or eliminate any existing or potential threat. They are the primary point of contact for any individual wanting to report criminal activity on or around the campus. If there is a situation that is determined to warrant law enforcement intervention, the Dayton Police Department or Riverside Police Department will be contacted. The Dayton Police Department patrols the area of the main campus on a frequent basis and alerts International College of Broadcasting to any suspicious activity.

Counselors on Staff

International College of Broadcasting has no counselors on staff. If individuals request services, the Director of Student Services has contact information for community resources that are available.

Security Awareness/Crime Prevention Programs

During orientation new students are provided with information on crime awareness and safety tips. Campus security measures are discussed in order to make the students aware of the steps and precautions that need to be taken in order for them to protect themselves. New faculty and staff are provided this information in their new hire packets.

We provide a variety of educational strategies and tips on how to protect yourself from sexual assault, theft, and other crimes. Any information that is considered to be of importance for students, faculty, and staff to know in regards to potential threats to personal safety is disseminated via hand-outs in classes, in employee mailboxes and on flyers posted on the school bulletin boards.

- It is strongly encouraged that all students and employees take responsibility for paying attention to their surroundings at all times and be cautious in their interactions with others. Individuals should never go to their cars at night without an escort.

Criminal Activity off Campus

International College of Broadcasting does not have any off-campus student organizations. If an individual is a victim of or a witness to a crime off campus the proper local law enforcement authorities should be notified.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

International College of Broadcasting is a participant in the NOAA Public Alert Radio Program that is sponsored by the U.S. Department of Commerce/National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; the U.S. Department of Education; and the U.S. Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency/Citizen Corps. The college has a public alert radio centrally located that is on at all times to alert us in case of severe weather conditions, terrorist threats, and other emergencies that may occur even if other lines of communication become unavailable. An alarm sounds and a warning light suggests that an emergency event that is requiring immediate attention is occurring. A watch light on the radio suggests the need to stay vigilant because of the possibility of an event turning into a warning situation.

Emergency response and evacuation procedures are provided each semester to all faculty, staff, and students. There are two exits in the main building that are illuminated with exit lighting. In the event of a tornado warning, the safest location for the students, faculty, and staff on the premises is in Studio A in the back room. In the event of a criminal threat, terrorist threat, or hazardous materials threat everyone is immediately evacuated from the premises and the appropriate authorities are contacted. In the event of an outbreak of a communicable disease, the Campus President and the School Director will determine if the outbreak is identifiable as an "epidemic" and will cancel classes and close the building if this determination is made. If a biological threat, bioterrorism or disease outbreak were to occur in Montgomery County, the public would be informed through the news media and the Public Health website (www.phdmc.org) regarding the best steps to take to protect one's health. If there is a disease outbreak at the school we will contact the Health Commissioner for Montgomery County at 937-225-5714.

The school is small enough that communication from the front of the school to the back of the school can occur rather rapidly and there are several phones within close proximity throughout the building in the offices. In the evening, the Director of Placement/Student Services is in the building and holds the responsibility of making the decision if the Campus President/Director or Director of Education is unavailable to make the determination of a potential threat to the safety of the students, faculty, and staff. If there

appears to be an immediate threat, the building will be evacuated. If there is a threat as a result of a criminal action that could potentially jeopardize the safety and well-being of the students, faculty, and staff, they are informed of the occurrence through one of the designated Campus Security Authorities (Director of Education, Campus President, Director of Placement/Student Services). Faculty and staff will be required to have their classes participate in a review of the procedures and a drill on an annual basis.

Emergency Response Team

J. Michael LeMaster – School President/Director – 937-258-8251

Ronda Doster – Director of Education – 937-258-8251

Kenneth Pyles – Director of Placement/Student Services – 937-258-8251

Dayton Police Department – Non-Emergency: 937-333-2677 (333-COPS)

Riverside Police Department – Non-Emergency: 937-233-1801

Montgomery County Health Commissioner-937-225-9714

Alcoholic Beverages/Controlled Substances

International College of Broadcasting states in the school catalog that alcohol and drugs will not be permitted and/or used in the school, parking lot, or in the vehicles parked in the school parking lot. The employee handbook states this, as well. Persons under the influence of alcohol or drugs are subject to immediate disciplinary action. The possession, sale, manufacture or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal under both state and federal laws. Any individual found to be in possession of illegal substances or engaging in underage consumption of alcohol will be subject to disciplinary action at the school as well as reported to the local law enforcement authorities for potential criminal prosecution.

DRUG-FREE AWARENESS PROGRAM

The International College of Broadcasting has established a Drug-Free Awareness Program (DFAP). The DFAP encompasses the following four phases:

Phase 1 -WARNING TO ALL EMPLOYEES AND STUDENTS OF THE DANGERS OF DRUG ABUSE IN THE WORKPLACE: Drug abuse impairs memory, alertness, and achievement. It erodes the capacity to perform, think, and act responsibly. It may be grounds for termination from employment or expulsion from school at the International College of Broadcasting.

Phase 2 -NOTICE: THIS INSTITUTION HAS A POLICY OF MAINTAINING A DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE. All employees and students are hereby notified that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of illicit drugs or alcohol is prohibited on the premises of all locations of the International College of Broadcasting. This includes all inside facilities, surrounding outside areas, and all functions sponsored by the International College of Broadcasting at other locations.

Phase 3 -NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THIS INSTITUTION'S DRUG-FREE AWARENESS PROGRAM will result in the following action being taken by the International College of Broadcasting.

Disciplinary sanctions will be imposed on any student or employee (consistent with local, state, and federal law) in possession of, using, or distributing illicit drugs or alcohol. These sanctions include completing an appropriate rehabilitation program, expulsion from school, termination of employment by the school, and referring any such incident to law enforcement officials for prosecution.

Anyone using, or in possession of, illicit drugs or alcohol on school property will have the option of enrolling in and completing an appropriate rehabilitation program or be terminated from school (or employment). This is applied to first time offenders only. Second time offenders will be terminated immediately.

Anyone distributing illicit drugs on school property will be expelled immediately and referred to the police for prosecution.

Phase 4 -If any student or employee has an illicit drug or alcohol addiction or problem, the International College of Broadcasting, strongly suggests you seek counseling, treatment, or rehabilitation for your problem.

I understand that this institution has established a Drug-Free Awareness Program to inform students and employees about:

- The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace.
- International College of Broadcasting's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;
- Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and
- The penalties that may be imposed on employees and students for illicit drug or alcohol abuse on its premises or as part of its activities.

I have read and understand the conditions explained above.

Signature

Date

The following statements deal with a very serious problem in the United States: illicit drug and alcohol abuse. The International College of Broadcasting is required by the U.S. Department of Education to implement a drug prevention program for its students and employees. Compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989 is a condition of the school's eligibility to participate in and Title IV program, (financial aid).

All students receiving PELL grant funds must sign a certificate that they will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance. Any PELL grant recipient not complying with the certification will lose all rights to PELL grant funds immediately -no exceptions.

The International College of Broadcasting strongly recommends that any student or employee who has a drug or alcohol addiction or problem seek counseling, treatment, or rehabilitation for your problem. The following list contains resources for locating such treatment:

| State-Wide | Local |
|---|--|
| State Department of Education Substance Abuse Section | Drug Education/Information Program 220-6600 |
| 65 South Front St. #719 Columbus, Ohio 43255-0308 (614) 466-9202 | Nova House Association 253-1680 |
| State Department of Health Drug-Free Schools Program 246 North High St. Columbus, Ohio 43266-0588 | Project Cure 262-3500 United Health Services 220-6600 |
| Ohio Department of Mental Health Bureau of Drug Abuse & Alcoholism 170 North High St., 3rd Floor Columbus, Ohio 43266-0586 (614) 466-7893 | Alcoholics Anonymous 222-2211 |

As we learn of new resources, this list will be updated.

The International College of Broadcasting will conduct a biennial review of its Drug Prevention Program to determine the program's effectiveness and to implement changes to the program if they are needed.

The program will also be reviewed to ensure that its disciplinary sanctions are consistently enforced.

Federal, State, & Local Legal Sanctions

The following is a description of the applicable legal sanctions under Local, State, or Federal law for the unlawful possession or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol.

A. Federal Law

1. Controlled Substances

Any person knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, or possessing with an intent to distribute or dispense, a “controlled substance” (as defined in Title 21 U.S.C. Section 841) is subject to sentencing under Federal law to a term of imprisonment of as much as twenty (20) years to life and a fine of four million dollars (\$4,000,000). Although the sentences imposed under Federal law vary according to the specific controlled substance involved, all Federal sentencing requirements are stringent.

2. Alcohol

The illegal manufacture or sale of alcoholic beverages, without obtaining the necessary and proper permits from Federal alcohol authorities may subject a convicted individual to fines of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

B. State Law

Criminal sanctions under Ohio law vary significantly depending upon the controlled substance and the act involved. All specific laws and relevant sections are written in the Ohio Revised Code (ORC).

1. Controlled Substances

ORC 2925.11: Prohibits any person from knowingly obtaining, possessing or using a controlled substance. Penalty: A maximum of ten (10) years imprisonment and up to a \$5,000.00 fine.

2. Alcohol

ORC 4301.63: Provides that no person under the age of twenty one (21) shall purchase beer or intoxicating liquor. Penalty: A fine of not less than \$25.00 or more than \$100.

ORC 4301.69A: Prohibits selling beer or intoxicating liquor to a person under the age of twenty one (21) years, or buying it for or furnishing it to such a person. Penalty: Misdemeanor of the first degree. Maximum penalty is imprisonment for up to 6 months and a \$1000.00 fine.

ORC 4301.69E: Provides that no underage person shall knowingly possess or consume any beer or intoxicating liquor, in any public or private place, unless he is accompanied by a parent, spouse, or legal guardian, who is not an underage person, unless it is for medical or religious reasons. Penalty: Maximum penalty is imprisonment for not more than six months and a \$1,000.00 fine.

C. Local Ordinances

The city of Dayton enforces all the state criminal statutes cited above and all others cited in the ORC.

LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION

- A. Under state laws and local ordinances pertaining to alcohol, it generally is a crime to:
 - 1. Underage Drinking
 - purchase, order, pay for, or share the cost of alcohol if you are under 21.
 - possess alcohol if you are under 21.
 - consume alcohol if you are under 21.

- sell alcohol to, buy alcohol for, or furnish alcohol to anyone under 21-even in your own home, apartment, or residence hall room.
 - allow anyone under 21 to remain in your home, apartment, or residence hall room, or in other property that you own or occupy, while possessing or consuming alcohol.
2. False Identification
- show or give false information about your name, age, or other identification to purchase or obtain alcohol if you are under 21.
 - provide false information about the name, age or other identification of another person under 21 to purchase or obtain alcohol for that person.
3. Open Containers
- have an open container of alcohol in your possession in any unlicensed public place.
 - have an open container of alcohol in your possession while driving or riding in or on a motor vehicle.
 - have an open container of alcohol in your possession while in or on a motor vehicle that is parked in or on a highway, street, or other place open to the public for parking.
- An "open container" is any holder or receptacle that allows open access to alcohol, including any bottle, can, or similar container on which the original seal has been broken. A bottle, can, or similar container that has been recapped or re-corked is still considered to be "open" for purposes of these statutes.
4. Transportation
- consume alcohol while in a motor vehicle.
 - drive while under the influence of alcohol. If you are under 21, you are considered to be driving under the influence if your blood alcohol level is .02 or higher.
5. Disorderly Conduct
- engage in conduct that offends, inconveniences, annoys, or alarms others or that poses a risk of physical harm to yourself, to others, or to property while you are voluntarily intoxicated.

Health Risks

The following is a description of the health risks associated with the use of illicit drugs and the abuse of alcohol.

A. The American Medical Association defines drug abuse as the “self-administration of drugs, either for non-medical reasons or in quantities and frequencies beyond those specified for proper medication,” and it points out that millions of people today are abusing a wide variety of drugs, from aspirin to heroin and now to alcohol.

B. The medical profession and others in scientific fields agree that more research needs to be done on the long-range effects of alcohol and other drugs. However, they warn that there is already considerable evidence that alcohol and drug abuse do have serious deleterious effects, and no one should be deluded into believing that the abuse of marijuana or any other intoxicating or hallucinogenic drug is a safe thing to do. This includes alcohol, which is a drug.

Sexual Assault

International College of Broadcasting will not tolerate sexual assault of any kind. The term sexual assault is a general term that includes a variety of actions against any person without the person's consent, against the person's will, or under force, threat of force, or coercion. Consent cannot be given while intoxicated or medicated since these states inhibit an aware state of mind.

The Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 2907, defines sexual assault as: rape; sexual battery; unlawful sexual conduct with a minor; corruption of a minor; gross sexual imposition; sexual imposition; importuning; voyeurism and public indecency; or, any unwanted touching or act that is non-consensual and committed by the offender for the purpose of sexual gratification.

Future revisions, amendments, or additions to these or other applicable codes are incorporated in this policy by this reference. Sexual assaults of any kind are criminal offenses and are subject to criminal charges in the state of Ohio.

These violations of state law are also violations of the International College of Broadcasting Code of Student Conduct. Certain types of these offenses, including rape, sexual battery, and gross sexual imposition, may trigger a mandatory Ohio Board of Regents academic dismissal hearing pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 3345.23.

Furthermore, the International College of Broadcasting Code of Student Conduct defines sexual assault as "any attempt or actual unwanted sexual contact, physical or nonphysical, in the absence of clear and voluntary consent. Clear and voluntary consent is consent that is given freely and actively in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Consent is not clear or voluntary if it results from the use of physical force, threats, intimidation, or coercion. It is a violation of policy to have sex or sexual contact with someone who is known to be, or should be known to be incapable of making a rational, reasonable decision."

Reporting Requirements

- A. The "Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act" (formerly the Campus Security Act) requires that all university officials with significant responsibility for campus and student activities report any incident of alleged sexual assault. Professional mental health and pastoral counselors are exempt from this requirement. Survivors must be apprised immediately of this requirement. If the survivor does not wish to be identified, a third party report that does not include the survivor's name may be made.
- B. While it is the final prerogative of the survivor to make decisions regarding her/his course of action, International College of Broadcasting strongly encourages survivors to make a full report to the Campus Security Authorities in order to ensure that all resources can be made available, as well as to maintain the widest range of options in which to pursue adjudication of the incident.
- C. Timely reports will be made to the campus community in order to aid in the prevention of similar crimes.

Reporting Protocol

- A. If a sexual assault occurs on campus, the incident should be reported immediately to a Campus Security Authority.
- B. If a sexual assault occurs off campus, the incident should be reported immediately in the jurisdiction where the incident occurred. Upon request, campus officials will assist the student, faculty, or staff member in completing a police report with local authorities.

C. The individual should immediately obtain medical treatment at an area hospital for injuries, sexually transmitted diseases, and pregnancy. A medical exam to preserve evidence of rape for use in court can be performed, but the exam must be completed within 72 hours of a sexual assault. To preserve as much evidence as possible, the victim should be advised not to eat, drink, smoke, bathe, shower, douche, or urinate.

D. Should a violation of local, state, or federal laws occur within the school, the appropriate legal action will be initiated through the criminal justice system. If assistance is needed, the Dayton Police Department, Riverside Police Department, Montgomery County Sheriff's Office, Ohio State Highway Patrol, or Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation (BCII) may be contacted. Incidents of domestic violence will be handled in accordance with ORC 2919.25.

Registered Sex Offenders

The Montgomery County Sheriff's Office maintains a list of currently registered sex offenders residing in Montgomery County. The Montgomery County Sex Offender Registry can be accessed at http://www.sheriffalerts.com/cap_main.php?office=53969 .

Resources

If you have been a victim of a crime, there are resources available to assist you. The following is a list of National, State and Local victim resource organizations:

National Organizations:

National Center for Victims of Crime

2111 Wilson Blvd.
Suite 300
Arlington, VA 22201
(703)276-2880

Official Office for Victims of Crime

National Organization for Victim Assistanc
National Victims' Constitutional Amendment Network (NVCAN)
National Crime Victims Research and Treatment Center
Medical University of South Carolina
171 Ashley Ave.
Charleston, SC 29425
(843)792-2945

National Domestic Violence Hotline

(800)799-7233 (SAFE)
(800)787-3224 (TTY for the deaf)

Family Violence and Sexual Assault Institute

1121 East SE Loop 323
Suite 130
Tyler, TX 75701
(903)534-5100

National Coalition Against Domestic Violence

PO BOX 18749
Denver, CO 80218
(303)839-1852

National Council on Child Abuse and Family Violence

1155 Connecticut Ave, NW Suite 400
Washington, DC 20036
(800)222-2000

National Health Resource Center on Domestic Violence

Family Violence Prevention Fund
383 Rhode Island St
Suite 304
San Francisco, CA 94103-5133
(415)252-8900

National Committee to Prevent Child Abuse (NCPCA)

332 S Michigan Ave.
Suite 1600
Chicago, IL 60604
(312)663-3520

National Coalition Against Sexual Assault

125 N Enola Dr.
Enola, PA 17025
(717)728-9764

Drugs and Crime Data Center and Clearinghouse

1600 Research Blvd.
Rockville, MD 20850
(800)666-3332

RID-USA (Remove Intoxicated Drivers)

PO BOX 520
Schenectady, NY 12301
(518)393-4357

State Organizations:

Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Correction Office of Victim Services

1050 Freeway Drive, North
Columbus, OH 43229
(888)842-8464

Ohio Attorney General Crime Victim Services

Ohio Attorney General Crime Victim Compensation Program

(800)824-8263

Local Organizations:Montgomery County Children Services

3501 Merrimac Ave.

Dayton, OH 45405-2646

(937)224-5437 (KID)

Montgomery County Victim/Witness

(937)225-5623

Artemis Center for Alternatives to Domestic Violence

310 W Monument Ave.

Dayton, OH 45402

(937)222-7233 (SAFE)

Crisis Care

(937) 224-1694

Womanline

(937)223-2446

YWCA

(937)222-6333

City of Riverside Victim Services Office

(937)254-6192

Firearms and Weapons

Firearms and weapons of any sort are prohibited on campus property.

Annual Crime Statistics - International College of Broadcasting

| Offense (Reported By Hierarchy) | Year | On Campus | Non- Campus | Public Property | Total | Residential Facilities |
|--|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Murder/Non Negligent Manslaughter | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Negligent Manslaughter | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Sex Offenses, Forcible (Rape, Sodomy, Sexual Assault w/object and Fondling) | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Sex Offenses, Non Forcible (Incest and Statutory Rape) | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Robbery | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Aggravated Assault | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Burglary | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Liquor Law Arrests | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Drug Law Arrests | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Weapons Law Arrests | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Drug Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Weapons Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |

| Offense (Crimes Not Reported By Hierarchy) | Year | On Campus | Non- Campus | Public Property | Total | Residential Facilities |
|---|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Arson | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Domestic Violence | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Dating Violence | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| Stalking | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |
| | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NA |

HATE CRIME REPORTING: (DO NOT INCLUDE IN THE CHART ABOVE)

There were no hate crimes reported for 2015, 2016 or 2017.